MICROCYBER

G0310 Modbus to HART gateway User Manual



MICROCYBER



Warning

- 1. Please don't take off/install gateway at random.
- 2. Please check if the power of temperature board set meets the power request in the User Manual.



Company Introduction

Microcyber Inc. established as a high-tech enterprise by the Shenyang Institute of Automation Chinese Academy of Sciences, mainly engages in advanced industrial control systems, equipments, instruments and chips for industrial process automation control solutions in the research, development, production and application. Microcyber undertakes a number of national scientific and technical key task and "863" project, and has Liaoning Province networked control systems engineering research center. The company successfully developed the FF H1 fieldbus protocol stack which is number one to be approved internationally in China, and the Industrial Ethernet Protocol(HSE) which is number one to be approved in China, and the domestic first fieldbus instrument which has a function of national-level intrinsically safe explosion--proof and safety barrier. Also Microcyber participated in the drafting of the domestic first Ethernet-based industrial automation protocol standards (Ethernet for Plant Automation, EPA). As a result, serial products are composed of configuration, control software, embedded software, control system, instrument chip to the OEM board, and make Microcyber be an industrial automation products provider in full range, and also further Microcyber's leading position in the field of fieldbus technology.

Microcyber is the member of FCG and the Profibus National Organization (PNO).

Microcyber passes the Authentication of ISO 9001 Quality System, and has an outstanding innovative R&D team, plentiful practical experiences of design of the Automatic engineering, a leading product series, a huge market network, a strict quality management system and an excellent enterprise culture. All these further a solid foundation of entrepreneurship and sustainable development for Microcyber.

Microcyber Inc. is looking forward to the long-term smooth and close cooperation with you.



Contents

Chapter 1 Overview	1
1.1 Dimension	1
1.2 Structure	1
Chapter 2 Installation	2
2.1 Wiring	2
2.2 Jumper configuration	2
2.3 Internal load resistance	3
2.4 Recalibration	3
Chapter 3 Working Principle	4
Chanter 4 Menu Tree	5
Chanter 5 Transmitter Configuration	5
5.1 Topological Connection	6
5.2 Configuration tool	0
5.2 Configuration and activation	7
5.2.1 histoliation and delivation.	/
5.2.2 Introduction of main page reatures	9
5.3 Basic operations	11
5.4 Device operation	14
5.5 Gateway Parameter Setting	19
5.5.1 Mode selection	19
5.5.2 Coil calibration	20
5.5.3 Register Calibration	. 21
5.5.4 Factory reset setting	21
5.5.4.1 Reset to Factory Default	21
5.5.4.2 Save to factory settings	22
5.5.4.3 Reset to factory settings	23
5.5.4.4 Device variable assignment.	24
5.5.5 Modbus variable configuration	. 25
5.5.5.1 Address	25
5.5.5.2 baud rate	25
5.5.5.5 Ddld Dils	20
5.5.5.4 Calibration	20
5.5.5.5 5(CP bits	20
5.5.7 Time frame interval	20
5.5.6 Device Status Configuration.	
5.5.6.1 Register address	27
5.5.6.2 Bit mode	27
5.5.7 PV Range Setting	27
5.5.7.1 PV Range Source	27
5.5.7.2 PV range operation mode	28
5.5.7.3 Register data type	28
5.5.8 Device Variable	28
5.5.8.1 Type	28
5.5.8.2 Unit	29
5.5.8.3 Upper limit of sensor range	29
5.5.8.4 Lower limit of sensor range	29
5.5.8.5 Minimum span	29
5.5.8.6 Kange limit	30
5.5.8.7 Lower range limit.	30
5.5.8.9 Modbus functional code	50 21
5.5.8.10 Register address	
5.5.8.11 Register data type.	31
5.5.8.12 Scaling factor	31
5.5.8.13 Range Upper Limit Register Address	32
5.5.8.14 Range Lower limit register address	32
Chapter 6 Quick configuration	33
Chapter 7 Maintenance	. 34





Chapter 8 Technical Specification	35
Chapter 9 Appendix1 G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway Model Selection	36



Chapter 1 Overview

G0310 Modbus to HART Gateway, designed by Microcyber Corporation is a gateway device for Modbus-RTU protocol and HART protocol. As Modbus master, G0310 Modbus to HART Gateway communicates with devices that have Modbus-RTU communication function via RS485 interface. It can convert device data to HART device variables output, and it also supports 4~20mAcurrent output. As shown in Figure 1.1:



Figure 1.1 Modbus to HART gateway

1.1 Dimension



Figure 1.2 Dimension (Unit:mm)

1.2 Structure





Chapter 2 Installation

The dimension of G0310 Modbus to HART gateway is 99*22.5*114.5mm. It supports with standard DIN Rail installation.

2.1 Wiring

G0310 Modbus to HART gateway terminal distribution and meaning are shown as in Figure 2.1



	_		-
1	24V-	2	24V+
3	NC	4	NC
5	A+	6	B-
7	GND	8	GND
9	HART+	10	HART-
11	Shield	12	EARTH
13	R	14	R
15	24V-	16	24V+

Figure 2.1

The power supply of G0310 MODBUS to HART gateway is HART bus, and 485 communication need external 24V power supply. The recommended is TP cable, and it shall improve device's anti-electromagnetic interference ability. G0310 MODBUS to HART gateway connection diagram is shown as in Figure 2.2:



Figure 2.2 G0310 MODBUS to HART gateway connection diagram

2.2 Jumper configuration

G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway has 2 jumpers, as shown on Figure 2.3. the left one is failure warning current setting and the right one is configuration protection setting jumper.

Failure Warning Jumper Setting

G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway has self-diagnostic function.Once failure is detected, intelligent instrument will output warning current automatically. Warning current mode is decided by JP1 Low (in green

color) on the left of the boar as shown in the figure 2.3. When there's no insertion or insertion of two points underside, it's high-level warning (warning current \geq 21.75mA); When it's the insertion of two points upside, it's low-level warning (warning current \leq 3.7mA).

• Configuration Protection Jumper Setting

G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway provides jumper setting of device configuration protection by JP1 WrD(in red color) as shown in the Figure 2.3. When it's the insertion of two points upside, it's configuration protection. At this moment no change of device configuration is allowed. It is allowed when there's no insertion or insertion of two points underside.



Figure 2.3 G0310 MODBUS to HART gateway jumper

• Saturation fixed output (manufacturer setting, no configuration)

When HART intelligent instrument is running, it will compare PV and range upper and lower limiting value constantly. When PV exceeds the limit, instrument will output fixed current. When PV is higher than upper limit, it output 20.8mA: When PV is lower than upper limit, it output 3.8mA.

2.3 Internal load resistance

Terminal 13 and 14 connects 250 Ω Internal load resistance, which has no connection with internal circuit. User can use Internal load resistance to replace resistance in Figure 2.2. Then HART Modem can connect on terminal 13 and 14.

2.4 Recalibration

Users can make a recalibration on G0310 Modbus to HART gateway at test room or installation site before it was put into application. The operation process is shown as in the Figure 2.4.



Figure 2.4 recalibration process map

G0310 Modbus to Hart gateway is mainly about functional verification. Please refer to the relevant chapters below for specific verification.

Chapter 3 Working Principle

G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway supports 4 dynamic variables, 6 device variables.Via MODBUS register, the data selected by MODBUS device is configured to device variables of G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway, and then, it enters the mapping from device variable to dynamic variable, as the device output, supporting 4~20mA analog signal output.G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway functional block diagram is shown as Figure 3.1:



Figure 3.1 G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway functional block diagram



Chapter 4 Menu Tree



Figure 4.1 menu tree

Chapter 5 Transmitter Configuration

5.1 Topological Connection

The connection mode of HART transmitters can be divided into point-to-point connection and multi-point connection.

• point to point connection



Figure 5.1 HART Point-to-point connection

Features:

1) It can be connected to the upper control system through the AI input module or HART communication device:

- 2) Mixing of analog and digital communications;
- 3) Device address is 0.
- multi-point connection



Figure 5.2 HART Multi-to-point connection

Features:

- 1) Connected to the upper control system through HART communication device;
- 2) Use HART system's digital capabilities only, the current is fixed at 4mA;

- MICROCYBER-
 - 3) Support up to 15 devices in short address format.

5.2 Configuration tool

5.2.1 Installation and activation

The PC software of G0310 is design and development by Microcybe, the installation method is shown as follow:

1. First double-click to install the setup as shown in the Figure 5.3:



Figure 5.3 setup

2. Click "next" to the installation page as shown in the Figure 5.4:

G HartMPT 3.0.0.142 Setup	- 🗆 X
	Welcome to HartMPT 3.0.0.142 Setup
	Setup will guide you through the installation of HartMPT 3.0.0.142.
	It is recommended that you close all other applications before starting Setup. This will make it possible to update relevant system files without having to reboot your computer.
	Click Next to continue.
Carl	
	<u>N</u> ext > Cancel

Figure 5.4 installation

3. Select installation path as shown in the Figure 5.5:

0	Change Install Location				
with	choose install Location				
	Choose the tolder in which t	o instali Hartiv	IPT 3.0.0	. 142.	
Setup will install Ha	rtMPT 3.0.0.142 in the following folder	To install in :	differen	t folder	dick
Browse and select	another folder. Click Install to start the	installation.	uneren	it folder,	CIICK
Destination Folde	r				
Destination Folde	r :s (x86)\HartMPT\		Brow	/se	1
Destination Folde	r :s (x86)\HartMPT\		Brow	/se	
Destination Folde	r is (x86)\HartMPT\ 6MB		Brow	/se	
Destination Folde	r <u>is (x86)\HartMPT\</u> .6MB 1.6CB		Brow	/se]
Destination Folde C: Program File Space required: 23 Space available: 40	r <u>is (x86)\HartMPT\</u> .6MB .6GB		Brow	/se	
Destination Folde C: Program File Space required: 23 Space available: 40 Vullsoft Install System	r <u>is (x86)\HartMPT\</u> .6MB).6GB v3.01		Brow	/se]

Figure 5.5 installation

MICROCYBER-



Figure 5.7 installed

The HARTMPT icon will appear on the desktop after the installation is complete as shown in the Figure 5.8:



Figure 5.8 PC software After the installation is complete, it goes directly to the system as shown in the Figure 5.9:

💥 Hart Mass Production Tool						-	×
File(F) View(V) Device(D) Window	(W) Setting(S) H	lelp(H)					
🐌 🐹 🥔 🔕							
USB Serial Port (COM3)	List PV Scan						
	Polling	Tag	Manufacturer	Туре	Date		
Ready]						

Figure 5.9 system interface

5.2.2 Introduction of main page features

The configuration tool can be started by executing the shortcut of this software on the desktop or in the start menu. After the configuration tool is started, the interface and the main windows are shown in Figure 5.10.

🔀 Hart Mass Pro	oduction Tool								
File(E) View(V)	Device(<u>D</u>) V	/indow(<u>W</u>)	Setting(<u>S)</u> Help(<u>H</u>)	0					
11 23 1	2 😣	2							
	erial Port (CO)	List pv	Scan						
25.000									Field Device Malfunction
		Polling	Tag	Manufacturer	Туре	Date			Configuration Changed
								9	Cold Start
								•	More Status Available
								•	Primary Variable Analog Out
								•	Primary Variable Analog Out
3				4				•	Non Primary Variable Out c
									Primary Variable Out of Limit
									6
								e	No Communication Error
									Vertical Parity Error
									Overrun Error
									Framing Error
									Longitudinal Parity Error
									Reserved
									Buffer Overflow
									Undefined
]∢[۱.								
Ready									the second se
				Figure 5	5.10 M	lain interfa	ce		
	1		Menu Bar	r		2	Toolbar		
	3		Network	view		4	Tabular View		
	5		Alarm wir	ndow		6	Status bar		

The following outlines the functions of each part.

i. Menu Bar

• File (F)

The user executes the menu "File" \rightarrow " exit "or clicks the close button in the upper right corner of the window to exit the configuration tool.

Execute the menu"File" \rightarrow "exit" or click the close button in the upper right corner of the window to exit the configuration tool.

• View (V)

Users can manually refresh or stop refreshing the current tab page by viewing the "refresh" and "stop" features

in the menu.

View menus also feature display and hide alarm windows and send commands.

Device (D)

By "on-line "," stop on-line ", you can search any online devices in the network. To use this feature, cancel "Display Online Only ".

"Display only online" feature, can be configured in the network view, whether to display the device not online. The default is to display only online devices.

• View (V)

You can set whether to hide the toolbar and status bar.

• Setting (S)

Execution menu "Settings" \rightarrow "language" configurable configuration tool language, currently support Chinese, English.

Execute menu "set" \rightarrow "serial port parameters " set the communication port. Default communication port is serial port 1(COM1).

• Help (H)

set the communication port. Default communication port is serial port 1(COM1).

ii. Tool Bar

As shown in Figure 5.10, the toolbar contains four functions: searching online devices, stopping searching devices, refreshing, and stopping refreshing.



Figure 5.11 tool bar

"search online device", "stop search device" function", are like "on line", "stop on line", details are shown in 5.2.2.1 device (D).

"Refresh" function is to refresh the current tab page manually.

"Stop Refresh" function is to stop the action being refreshed.

iii. Network view

the network view contains a list of networks and devices.

The serial port node in the network view COM1, represent the configuration tool connected to the HART network through the COM1 serial port.

In the menu bar, click "device" \rightarrow "only online devices", to cancel "only online devices". At this point, the network will display 16 unconnected devices, arranged in polling address order.

The unlisted device icon is gray, the online device icon is yellow, and the device icon will flicker in search.

🔀 Hart Mass Production Tool					- • •
File(F) View(V) Device(D) W	Vindow(<u>W</u>) Setting(<u>S</u>)	Help(<u>H</u>)			
🎒 🎶 🐹 🖉 🥝 🔄					
USB Serial Port (C	List PV Scan				A
🗖 ===> Dev_0	Deline	Tan Manufashuan	Time Date	1	Field Device Matunction
Dev_1 =	Pourig	Tag Manufacturer	Type Date		Cold Start
🗖 ⊅ Dev_2					More Status Available
🔲 🎞 > Dev_3					Primary Variable Analog Out
🗖 🎞 > Dev_4					Primary Variable Analog Out
Dev 5					Non Primary Variable Out of
Dev 6					Primary Variable Out of Limit
Dev_/					No Communication Error
🗖 🎝 > Dev_8					Vertical Panty Error
🗖 🎞 Dev_9					
- 🔲 🎞 Dev_10					Framing Error
🔲 🎞 Dev_11					Beserved
- Dev_12					Buffer Overflow
Dev 13					Undefined
= - Dev 14					
Ready	1]	

iv. Tabular View

Figure 5.12 16offline devices

Different tabs appear depending on the nodes selected by the network view.

When the serial port node is selected, the device list and the main variable scan tab are displayed.

When any device node is selected, the relevant tabs of the device are displayed, such as basic information, configuration information, sensor configuration, current calibration, and special commands.

v. Alarm window

Users can view some special states of the current device through this window. The alarm window only corresponds to the last correctly accessed device.

vi. Status bar

Displays the status of the current operation according to the operation.

5.3 Basic operations

i. Set up serial port

When starting, the default communication port is serial port 1. If the user's serial line is not connected to serial port 1 or serial port 1 is occupied or damaged, the serial port needs to be reset.

After startup, if the user does not operate, the configuration tool will not automatically send any commands to the serial port.

ОК
Cancel

Figure 5.13 serial port setting

Set the serial port dialog box as shown in Figure 5.13. The list can list the serial port available on the current computer. After the user selects the target serial port, press OK button to set up, set up success or failure have prompt information. Press the Cancel button to exit the window.

MICROCYBER

If the serial port setting fails, select again. Serial port setting failure, can not carry out communication operation.

ii. Device Scan

Configuration tools only support user access to online devices, so you need to query which devices are currently online. Query methods can be divided into three categories:

- (1) Single node search: according to the polling address of the target device, find whether the specified device is online;
- (2) Full search: search for all devices with polling addresses 0 to 15.
- (3) Custom search: search for the specified device address.

If the device is online, the device list tab in the network view and tab view lists the brief information of the device.

Methods of single node search:

Click on the right mouse button on the serial node of the network view and select a "single node " \rightarrow a "node" (for example: node 0).



Figure 5.14 Right-click convenient search menu

Full search:

Click the right mouse button on the serial node of the network view and select "Full Search " (e.g. COM1)

Custom search methods:

Since in the network view, only online devices are displayed by default, the search can not be customized. To use a custom search, cancel only the online device.

In the menu bar, click "device" \rightarrow "only online device". cancel only online features.



Figure 5.15 device selection

At the moment, the network view will display 16 devices with addresses (gray icons). After selecting the device

that needs to be searched, click search online device \mathbb{P} , or click menu bar "device " \rightarrow "online ".

During the search process, you can click stop search device \checkmark (or menu bar "device" \rightarrow "stop online") to abort the current search.

The device on line is a yellow icon to distinguish the gray icon without the online address. Online device naming:

the device label +@+ the device polling address.

iii. Send command

Click "view" \rightarrow "send command" on the menu bar to view send commands and call out the send command window, as shown in Figure 5.16.

By this function, users can send all supported HART general commands, general behavior commands, special commands.

The data to be sent must be hexadecimal.

Send Command		×
Polling 0	Command	
Data will be sent		
		*
		+
Send Clean	C	ancel
Respond Code		
Received data		
		*

Figure 5.16 send command

Sending commands requires understanding the frame format of each command, so it is only applicable to senior users and R & D personnel.

iv. Multilingual support

The configuration tool will select the appropriate language package according to the language settings of the current operating system at the first start, so that the user will not have a language barrier. If the user wants to use other languages, you can select the supported language in the language in Settings, as shown in Figure 5.17.

Language Setting	×
Choose a language:	ОК
English 👻	Cande

Figure 5.17 Language settings

5.4 Device operation

MICROCYBER

i. list of device

The device list tab displays summary information for all searched online devices. for example: polling address, device label, vendor, device type, ex-factory date, etc.

Method 1 to enter the Device List tab:

After searching the online device, the default recovery displays the device list tab.

Method 2 to enter the Device List tab:

- (1) Click on the left mouse button in the network view serial node (for example: COM1), the right tab view shows the serial port connected to the network of all online device related tab information.
- (2) Click on the "device list" in the right tab view, and if the information is obtained successfully, the summary information of all searched online devices is displayed, as shown in Figure 5.18.



Figure 5.18 Device List tab

ii. Main variable monitoring

It shows the trend curve for all online device main variables. Transverse time axis, longitudinal numerical axis, can be adjusted.

Method to enter the main variable scan tab:

- (1) Click on the left mouse button in the network view serial node (for example: COM1), the right tab view shows the serial port connected to the network of all online device related tab information.
- (2) Click "main variable Monitoring" in the right tab view, as shown in Figure 5.19.

🔀 Hart Mass Production Tool		
File(E) View(V) Device(D) Window(W) Setting(S)) Help(H)	
🚺 🔀 🖉 🔕		
ISB Serial Port (COM4) Image: Comparison of the series	List PV Scan 1000 78.0 78.0 56.0 34.0 15.0 12.0 15.18.13 15.18.19 15.18.31 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 15.18.19 15.18.43 10.10 15.18.43 10.10 15.18.43 11.10 15.18.43 12.18.43 15.18.55 15.19.07 15.19.19 Curve Node Time Value Displ Range	
	Node0 0.000000 kPa Node5 Node12 Node1 Node7 Node13 Node14 Node2 Node8 Node14	
	Node3 Node9 Node15 Node4 Node10 Poling: 0 Node5 Node11 Reading data, please wait: 90%	
No Command Specific Errors		

iii. Basic Info

Figure 5.19 Main variable monitoring tab

Users can obtain and configure basic information about online devices.

Method to access the Basic Information tab:

- (1) The left mouse button clicks on an online device in the network view, and the right tab view displays the tabs associated with the device.
- (2) Click "basic information" in the right tab view, and if the information is obtained successfully, the basic information of the device is displayed, as shown in Figure 5.20.

Info	Config	CurrentAdj	Device Scan	Register address Set	tings in the devia	ce variable overrun!
	Transmitter : Polling Message Descrption Tag Date Assembly	Infomation 0 MANUFACTURE SMART INSTRU TAG00000 2007 / 11 000000	D BY MICROCYBE MENT / 9	Alarm Type High Alarm Current Low Alarm Current Write Protect Vendor ID	High ▼ 0.000 0.000 Disable 601E	Apply
1	(dentification	1		Revision		
	Manufactur	er Microcyber I	nc.	Universal 7		
	Туре	MH105/G03:	10/M0310	Device 1		
	Device ID	10 10 4C		Hardware 1		
	Unique ID	E1 88 10 10	4C	Software 1	.6	

Figure 5.20 Basic information tab

The basic information tab contains the following table:

Functional description	Whether to modify	Remarks
Address	Yes	polling address, selection range 0~15
Message	Yes	Up to 32 characters
Description	Yes	Up to 16 specified characters
Label	Yes	Maximum length of 8 specified characters
Date	Yes	From 1900 to 2155
Assembly	Yes	Must be 6 decimal places
Number		
Alarm	No	Display hardware alarm selection mode ," high
selection		alarm "/" low alarm "
Writing	No	Display hardware write protection options, NO
protection		"/" YES"
ID of	No	Trademark issuer code, hexadecimal
manufacturers		

MICROCYBER -

Manufacturer	No	Display manufacturer name	
Type of	No	Display device type	
equipment			
ID of No		Display Equipment ID Number	
equipment			
Long address	No	Display device length address	
Version	No	Display version information such as software,	
information		hardware versions, etc	

As shown in the above table, the first six device information is modifiable information.

After the information is modified, you can click the "apply" button to download the information to the device. If the download fails, the device information will restore the content that was correctly configured last time. If you give up the modification, do not click "apply", click refresh, it will display the last correctly configured content.

If the address or label is downloaded successfully, the name of the device node in the left network view will change.

iv. Configuration Information

Users can obtain and configure the configuration information of online devices.

Method to access the Configuration Information tab:

- (1) The left mouse button clicks on an online device in the network view, and the right tab view displays the tabs associated with the device.
- (2) Click "configuration information" in the right tab view, and if the information is obtained successfully, the configuration information of the device is displayed, as shown in Figure 5.21.

D	Config	CurrentAdj	Device Scan	Register address Se	ttings in the	device variable overrun!	
OL	utput			Sensor Info			
Ρ	v	0.000	kPa	Serial Num	FFFFFF		Apply
S	v	0.000	not_used	Up Limit	200.000	kPa	
С	urrent	4.000	mA	Low Limit	-200.000	kPa	
P	ercent	0.000	%	Span	2.000	kPa	
PV	Info			Range Settin	g		
D	ump	0.0	Sec	Set by curre	ent value:		
U	nit	kPa		▼ Up Li	mit		
U	lp Limit	200.000	kPa	lowl	imit		
Le	ow Limit	0.000	kPa				
F	unction	linear -	-	PV Zero	Point		

Figure 5.21 Configuration Information tab

The configuration information tab contains the following table:

Functional	Whether to	Remarks
description	modify	
PV	No	The first variable, the principal variable, is
		fixed to pressure
SV	No	Second variable, fixed to temperature
Current	No	Show PV value corresponds to the current
value		value at 4~20 mA
Percentage	No	Display PV value as a percentage of current
		range
Damping	Yes	Choose from 0~32 in seconds
value		
Unit	Yes	Displays units of PV value
Range limit	Yes	Maximum range display PV values
Range	Yes	Display the lower limit of range for PV values
Transfer	Yes	Analog current output mode supports linear

function		and square root output
Serial	Yes	Sensor serial number, writable
number		
Upper limit	No	Upper limit of sensor measurement range
Lower limit	No	Lower limit of sensor measurement range
Minimum	No	The sensor allows the minimum range to be
span		set

Configuration information mainly includes three parts: output variable, PV setting and range calibration.

The output variables mainly show the first variable (PV), the second variable (SV), and the current value, percentage. where the first variable can display the temperature value, the resistance value, and the millivolt signal; the second variable represents the cold end temperature. All four variables are read-only.

PV setting mainly displays the PV value type, damping value, unit, range upper and lower limits, as well as the passive or active setting function to the range upper and lower limits, and uses the current value to set the main variable zeropoint function. PV setting the relevant 5 configuration information (PV value type, damping value, unit, range upper and lower limits) is modified, the information can be downloaded to the device by clicking the "apply".

Upper and lower limits of passive range:

Manually modify the value of the upper or lower range limit and press the Application button to download the information to the device.

Set range upper and lower limits with current values:

"Range Upper Limit": Set the current PV value of the device to the upper limit of the main variable range.

"Range Limit": Set the current PV value of the device to the lower limit of the main variable range, which may change the upper limit at the same time.

Set the main variable zero with the current value:

"Primary variable zero": At zero temperature, the current PV value of the device is taken as the primary variable zero.

Range calibration is the calibration of range migration. It is necessary to measure zero and full range values and download the data to the device.

The operation is as follows:

- (1) Select the appropriate calibration point (range limit or range upper limit);
- (2) Gets the current value (zero or full range);
- (3) Click the Fix button;
- v. Current calibration

Users can calibrate 4~20 mA of current and configure fixed current output through the current calibration tab.

Method to enter the current calibration tab:

- (1) Left-clicks on an online device in the network view, and the right tab view displays the tabs associated with the device.
- (2) Click on "current Calibration" in the right tab view, and if the information is obtained successfully, the current calibration function is displayed, as shown in Figure 5.22.

Info Config Cu	urrentAdj	Device Scan	Register address	Settings in the o
Fixed Output				
(0) 3.8mA	01	6.0mA		
© 4.0mA	© 2	0.0mA		
© 8.0mA	© 2	1.0mA		
© 12.0mA	M ()	Ianually send		mA
		Fixed Current M	lode	
Calibrate				
 Use stand 	lard ammet	er		
🔘 Use stand	lard 250 oh	m resistor		
O Use other	standard r	esistance,value		Ω
Value				
Adjust			чрріу	

Figure 5.22 Current calibration tab

The current calibration steps are as follows:

- Connection circuit, need to be connected to the device output circuit in series with more than five and a half precision ammeter;
- (2) Set the device's polling address to 0, refer to basic information configuration, if the polling address is 0, skip this step;
- (3) Enter the current calibration tab;
- (4) Select "current value" as 4mA, after the ammeter is stable, enter ammeter reading in "adjust value" text box, click "apply";
- (5) Select "current value" as 20mA, after the ammeter is stable, enter ammeter reading in "adjust value" text box, click "apply";
- (6) Select "current value" as blank so that the output current of the device is calculated according to the PV value.

Configure current fixed output:

The user can configure the fixed current output in the current calibration tab, enter the output fixed current value in the "fixed current value", and click "enter/exit fixed current mode" to enter or exit fixed current output mode. The title of the button alternately displays "enter fixed current mode" and "exit fixed current mode" to prompt the user to operate.

Notes:

The calibration current and fixed current output function can only be processed t when the polling address of the device is 0, and the other polling addresses are in full digital communication mode, which will prompt the error message "command execution failure ".

vi. Variable monitoring

The primary function of the variable monitoring tab is to regularly refresh all the dynamic variables of the selected device and display the trend curve of the current device main variable. the variables currently refreshed

are: PV value, current value, percentage and SV value, respectively.

Method to go to the refresh device tab:

- (1) Left-click on an online device in the network view, and the right tab view displays the tabs associated with the device.
- (2) Click "variable Monitoring" in the right tab view, as shown in Figure 5.23.



Figure 5.23 Variable Monitoring tab

5.5 Gateway Parameter Setting

5.5.1 Mode selection

- (1) Left-click on an online device in the network view, and the right tab view displays the tabs associated with the device.
- (2) Click on the "gateway configuration" in the right tab view. The first click to run this page requires reading device information. The reading time is about 1 minute. After obtaining the information successfully, the gateway configuration function is displayed, as shown in Figure 5.24.

MICROCYBER-

Config CurrentAdj	Device Scan Register address Setting	s in the device variab	le overru	n!
alibration	Detailed Setup			
Coil Trim	Normal Operation Configuration Mod	Device	Variable:	Device Variable 0 🔹
Read Coils	Device Variable Assignments	Sensors		
	PV: Device Variable 0	 Class: 	Pressur	e 🔹
Read Discrete Inputs	SV: Device Variable 1	Unit:	kPa	•
Write Single coil	TV: Device Variable 2	USL:	200.000	0000
	QV: Device Variable 3	• ISI:	-200.00	0000
egister Trim	Modbus Variables:		2.00000	20
Dendulation Denit	Address: 1	Min Span:	2.00000	
Read Holding Regiters	Baud Rate: 9600	URV:	200.000	0000
Write Mutiple Regiters	Data Bits: 8 Data Bits	LRV:	0.0000	00
	Parity: NONE	Device Veriable	_	
	Stop Bits: 1 Stop Bits		e ault Unit:	kPa 🔹
ecall Factory Trim	CBC Order: Low High Order	Modbus Functi	on Code:	
restore to default Factory			Address .	READ HOLDING RE
save as factory	Frame Idle Timer: H Character Times	Register	Address:	30001
save as ractory	Device Status:	Register Da	ata Type:	Float 1 0 3 2 🔻
restore to factory	Registers Address:	Scalin	g Factor:	1.000000
	Bit Pattarn: NONE	Upper Regis	ter Type:	40001
Batch Download	PV Range	Lower Regis	ter Type:	50001
Open File	PV Range Source: Local	• · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	PV Range Option: Read and Write	•		
Save to file	Register Data Type: Float 10 3 2	_	(An	alv
Batch Download Datas			AP	piy

Figure 5.24 Gateway Configuration

- (3) Then find the "detailed settings"->"operation mode", there are two operation modes, one is "configuration mode" and the other is "operation mode ". "Configuration mode" can set the screen so option, "operation mode" can only set the "factory reset".
- (4) For example, select "configuration mode", as shown in Figure 5.25.



5.5.2 Coil calibration

Coil read and write, the user can choose "calibration "->" coil", and make the coil input read and write operation.

Example: Read the coil

Click the "Calibration "->" Coil "->" Read Coil" and pop up the "Read Coil" window, as shown in Figure 5.26:

Read Coils	
Register Address:	
Length:	
OK	CANCEL

Figure 5.26 Read coil input

 Input register address and length value, please note that the range of register address is from 1~65536, the range of length is 1~16.



Read Coils		23
Register Address:	1	
Length:	1	
ОК	CANCEL	

Figure 5.27 Read coil value input 3. Then click the "OK" and the system prompts "read coil successfully ".

读线圈	
oroxiel	
寄存器地址:	1
长度:	1
	值:0
读	线圈成功。
确定	取消

Figure 5.28 read coil success prompt

5.5.3 Register Calibration

Register read and write, the user can select "calibration "->" register" box, read and write separate registers.

Example: Read the value of a register

 Click the "Calibration "->" Register "->" read hold register" to pop up the "register" window, as shown in Figure 5.29:

Register Trim		8
Register Address: Register Data Type:	•	
ОК	CANCEL	

- Figure 5.29 Read register input
- 2. Enter register address and length value, please note that the range of register address is from 1~65536.

Register Trim	×
Register Address:	1
Register Data Type:	Unsigned Char 0 🔹
OK	CANCEL

- Figure 5.30 Read register value input 3. Click "ok"and the system prompts "read hold register success ".

5.5.4 Factory reset setting

5.5.4.1 Reset to Factory Default

 Click the "Calibration "->" restore factory settings "->" restore to factory default settings", pop up "restore factory settings" window, as shown in Figure 5.31:



2.

Recall Factory Trim	×
Would you like to rest	ore to default Factory setting
	•
ОК	CANCEL

- Figure 5.31 Restore to factory default settings
- After selecting "Yes" in the drop-down box, click OK.

Recall Factory Trim	×
Would you like to rest	ore to default Factory setting
Yes	
OK	CANCEL
UK	CANCLL

- Figure 5.32 Restore to factory default settings selection
- 3. The system prompts "set up successfully ", then clicks OK to complete the operation.

Recall Factory Trim	×
Would you like to rest	ore to default Factory setting
Yes	•
Succeeded i	in the setting!
ОК	CANCEL

Figure 5.33 Returns to factory default settings prompt

5.5.4.2 Save to factory settings

 Click the "Calibration"->"restore factory settings"->"save to factory settings", pop up "save factory settings" window, as shown in Figure 5.34:

Recall Factory Trim	X
Would you like to save	e as factory setting ?
	•
OK	CANCEL
UK	CANCLE

Figure 5.34 Save to factory settings

2. After selecting Yes in the drop-down box, click OK.





Figure 5.35 Save to factory settings selection

3. The system prompts "set up successfully", then clicks OK to complete the operation.

Recall Factory Trim	
Would you like to save as factory setting ?	
Yes 💌	
Succeeded in the setting!	
CANCEL]

Figure 5.36 Save to factory settings prompt

5.5.4.3 Reset to factory settings

 Click the "Calibration"->"restore factory settings"->"restore to factory settings", pop up "restore to factory settings" window, as shown in Figure 5.37:

Recall Factory Trim	x
Would you like to save as factory setting ?	
	
OK	

Figure 5.37 Reset to factory settings prompt

2. After selecting Yes in the drop-down box, click OK.

Recall Factory Trim	×
Would you like to save as factory setting ?	
Yes 🔻	
OK	

Figure 5.38 Return to factory setup selection

3. The system prompts "set up successfully", then clicks OK to complete the operation.



Recall Factory Trim	x
Would you like to save as factory setting ?	
Yes 💌	
Succeeded in the setting!	
OK	

Figure 5.39 Reset to factory settings prompt

5.5.4.4 Device variable assignment

3.

Setting dynamic variable parameter assignment is to set the mapping relationship between device variable and dynamic variable. There are 6 device variables in the device, which can be mapped to 4 dynamic variables according to demand.

For example: map the main variable to device variable 4.

 Select the "detailed design"->"device variable assignment"->"device variable assignment" corresponding to the "main variable" drop-down box, as shown in Figure 5.40:

	Device Variable Assi	gnments	
	PV:	Device Variable 0	•
Fig	gure 5.40 Select	ion of device v	ariables

2. In the dialog box, select Device Variable 4, as shown in Figure 5.41:



Figure 5.41 Modification of device variables Click the "apply" to save the settings. As shown in Figure 5.42

Normal Operation	Configuration Moc	Device	Variable:	Device Variable 0	•
Device Variable Ass	ignments	Sensors			
PV:	Device Variable 4	Class:	Pressure	e	•
SV:	Device Variable 1 🔻	Unit:	kPa		•
TV:	Device Variable 2 🔻	USL:	200.000	0000	
QV:	Device Variable 3 🔻	LSL:	-200.00	0000	
Modbus Variables:		Min Copper	2.00000	00	_
Address:	1	Min Span:	URV: 200.00000 LRV: 0.000000		
Baud Rate:	9600 👻	URV:			
Data Bits:	8 Data Bits 🔹	LRV:			
Parity:	NONE	Device Variable			
Stop Bits:	1 Stop Bits 👻	Def	ault Unit:	kPa	•
CRC Order:	Low-High Order 🔹	Modbus Function	on Code:	READ HOLDING RE	
Frame Idle Timer:	4 Character Times 🔻	Register	Address:	30001	
Device Status:		Register Da	ta Type:	Float 1032	•
Registers Address:	10001	Scaling	Factor:	1.000000	_
Bit Pattarn:	NONE	Upper Regist	er Type:	40001	_
PV Range	<u></u>		-		_
PV Range Source:	Local 👻	Lower Regist	er Type:	50001	
PV Range Option:	Read and Write 🔻				
Register Data Type:	Float 1 0 3 2 🔻				

Figure 5.42 Save the device variable value

5.5.5 Modbus variable configuration

Modbus communication parameters are configured according to Modbus specific communication parameters.

5.5.5.1 Address

 locate the "detailed design"->"Modbus variable"-> the input box corresponding to"address", as shown in Figure 5.43

Modbus Variables:	
Address:	1

- Figure 5.43 Modbus Address settings
- 2. Enter a modified value with an address worth range of 1~255. Then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.5.2 baud rate

 Select "detailed Design"->"Modbus variable"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"baud rate", select the value of baud rate, click Set, and click the Send button. baud rate support :1200,2400,4800,9600,19200,35700,38400,57600.

Modbus Variables:	
Address:	1
Baud Rate:	9600 💌

Figure 5.44 Modbus baud rate selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

MICROCYBER

5.5.5.3 Data bits

 Select "Detailed Design"->" Modbus variable "-> the drop-down box corresponding to"data bit", select the supported data bit number of 7 or 8 bits, as shown in Figure 5.45

Modbus Variables:		
Address:	1	
Baud Rate:	9600	•
Data Bits:	8 Data Bits	•

Figure 5.45 Modbus Data Bit Selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click the apply button to save the modified value.

5.5.5.4 Calibration

 Select "detailed Design"->"Modbus variable"-"calibrate" corresponding to the drop-down box, support: odd check, even check, and no check, as shown in Figure 5.46

Modbus Variables:	
Address:	1
Baud Rate:	9600 👻
Data Bits:	8 Data Bits 👻

Figure 5.46 Modbus Selection of calibration values

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click the apply button to save the modified value.

5.5.5.5 Stop Bits

 Select "Detailed Design"->"Modbus variable"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"stop bit", the stop bit can be selected as: 1 bit stop bit and 2 bit stop bit, as shown in Figure 5.47

Nodbus Variables:		
Address:	1	
Baud Rate:	9600	•
Data Bits:	8 Data Bits	•
Parity:	NONE	•
Stop Bits:	1 Stop Bits	•

Figure 5.47 ModbusModbus Stop Bit Selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.5.6 CRC byte order

 Select "detailed Design"->"Modbus variable"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"CRC byte order", the check includes: Low-high and High-low, as shown in Figure 5.48



Modbus Variables:		
Address:	1	
Baud Rate:	9600	•
Data Bits:	8 Data Bits	•
Parity:	NONE	•
Stop Bits:	1 Stop Bits	•
CRC Order:	Low-High Order	•

Figure 5.48 Modbus CRC byte order selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click the apply to save the modified value.

5.5.5.7 Time frame interval

 Select "Detailed Design"->"Modbus variable"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"frame interval time", the interval time range is 4~10, as shown in Figure 5.49

Modbus Variables:		
Address:	1	
Baud Rate:	9600	•
Data Bits:	8 Data Bits	•
Parity:	NONE	•
Stop Bits:	1 Stop Bits	•
CRC Order:	Low-High Order	•
Frame Idle Timer:	4 Character Times	-

Figure 5.49 Modbus Number of frame intervals selected

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.6 Device Status Configuration

5.5.6.1 Register address

 locate the "detailed design"->"device status"-> the input box corresponding to the "register address", the range of the register address is 1~65536, as shown in Figure 5.50

Device Status:	
Registers Address:	10001

Figure 5.50 Register Address Selection

2. Enter the value you need to modify, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.6.2 Bit mode

 Select "Detailed Design"->"device status"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"Bit mode", the Bit mode range is 1~16, as shown in Figure 5.51

Device Status:	
Registers Address:	10001

Figure 5.51 Bit Mode selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.7 PV Range Setting

5.5.7.1 PV Range Source

"PV Range Source" indicates if it's from local.

MICROCYBER

1. Select "detailed Design"->"PV range"-in the drop-down box corresponding to"PV range source", which

includes local and remote sources, as shown in Figure 5.52

PV Range		
PV Range Source:	Local	•
PV Range Source:	Local	

Figure 5.52 PV Range Source Selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.7.2 PV range operation mode

If "PV Range Source" is from MODBUS device, "PV range option" indicates if range supports write operation.

1. Select "detailed Design"->"PV range" in the drop-down box corresponding to"PV range operating mode",

which includes read-only and read-write, as shown in Figure 5.53

PV Range		
PV Range Source:	Local	•
PV Range Option:	Read and Write	•

Figure 5.53 PV range mode selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.7.3 Register data type

Select "detailed Design"->"PV range"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"register data type", the mode includes read-only and read-write, as shown below:

 Select "Detailed Design"->"PV range"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"register data type", as shown in Figure 5.54

PV Range		22
PV Range Source:	Local	•
PV Range Option:	Read and Write	•
Register Data Type:	Float 1 0 3 2	•

Figure 5.54 Selection of register data type

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.8 Device Variable

There are 6 default device variables, which are "device variable:0", "Device variable :1", "Device variable:2", "Device variable:3", "Device variable:4", "Device variable:5". When the system is initialized, select "Device variable:0", After changing the device variable in the Detailed Design -> device variable selection box, The system automatically refreshes the corresponding parameters.

Detailed Setup				
Normal Operation	Configuration Mod 🔻	Device Variable:	Device Variable 0	•

Figure 5.55 Selection of Device Variables

When the user changes the parameter value of the device variable and does not click the "apply", the system prompts the user whether to save the modified parameter value and click "Yes" to save the parameter. Click No not to save parameter modification, and finally refresh the selected device variable parameter.

5.5.8.1 Type

1. Select "Detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> drop-down box corresponding to"Type", as shown in Figure 5.56



Sensors		
Class:	Pressure	•

Figure 5.56 Type Selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.8.2 Unit

1. select "Detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> drop-down box corresponding to"Unit", as shown in Figure 5.57

Class:	Dressure	
	FIESSUIE	

Figure 5.57 Unit selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.8.3 Upper limit of sensor range

 Select "detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> drop-down box corresponding to"Sensor range limit", as shown in Figure 5.58

Class:	Pressure	-
Unit:	kPa	•
USL:	200.000000	



2. Enter the modified value, then click apply to save the modified value.

Sen

5.5.8.4 Lower limit of sensor range

 Select "detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> drop-down box corresponding to"sensor range limit", as shown in Figure 5.59

Class:	Pressure	-
Unit:	kPa	•
USL:	200.000000	
LSL:	-200.000000	

Figure 5.59 Selection of Lower Range Limit of Sensor Range

2. Enter the modified value, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.8.5 Minimum span

 Select "Detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"bottom span", as shown in Figure 5.60



Class:	Pressure	•
Unit:	kPa	•
USL:	200.000000	
LSL:	-200.000000	
Min Span:	2.000000	

2. Enter the modified value, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.8.6 Range limit

 Select the "detailed design"->"sensor"-> the drop-down box corresponding to the"range limit", as shown in Figure 5.61

Class:	Pressure
Unit:	kPa 🔻
USL:	200.000000
LSL:	-200.000000
Min Span:	2.000000
URV:	200.000000

Figure 5.61 Upper Range Selection

2. Enter the modified value, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.8.7 Lower range limit

 Select the "detailed design"->"sensor"-> drop-down box corresponding to the"lower range limit", as shown in Figure 5.62

Class:	Pressure
Unit:	kPa 🔻
USL:	200.000000
LSL:	-200.000000
Min Span:	2.000000
URV:	200.000000
LRV:	0.000000

Figure 5.62 Selection of Lower Range Limit

2. Enter the modified value, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.8.8 Default units

1. Select "Detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"default unit".



Device Variable		
Default Unit:	kPa	•
Denser enter		

Figure 5.63 Default unit selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click apply to save the modified value.

5.5.8.9 Modbus functional code

1. Select "Detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"Modbus function Code".

Device Variable	
Default Unit:	kPa 🔻
Modbus Function Code:	READ HOLDING RE 🔻

Figure 5.64 Modbus Functional code selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click the apply button to save the modified value.

5.5.8.10 Register address

 Select "Detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> drop-down box corresponding to"Register address", as shown in Figure 5.65

Device Variable	
Default Unit:	kPa 🔻
Modbus Function Code:	READ HOLDING RE 🔻
Register Address:	30001

Figure 5.65 Register address selection

2. Enter the modified value, then click the apply button to save the modified value.

5.5.8.11 Register data type

1. Select "Detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> drop-down box corresponding to "Register data Type", as shown in

Figure 5.66

Default Unit:	kPa	•
Modbus Function Code:	READ HOLDING RE	•
Register Address:	30001	
Register Data Type:	Float 1032	•

Figure 5.66 Register Data Type Selection

2. Select the value that needs to be modified, then click the apply button to save the modified value.

5.5.8.12 Scaling factor

 Select "Detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> the drop-down box corresponding to"zoom factor", as shown in Figure 5.67



Device Variable		221
Default Unit:	kPa •	
Modbus Function Code:	READ HOLDING RE	•
Register Address:	30001	
Register Data Type:	Float 1032	-
Scaling Factor:	1.000000	

Figure 5.67 Scale Factor Selection

2. Enter the modified value, then click the apply button to save the modified value.

5.5.8.13 Range Upper Limit Register Address

 Select > drop-down box corresponding to "detailed design"-"sensor"->"range upper limit register address", as shown in Figure 5.68

Device variable		_
Default Unit:	kPa	•
Modbus Function Code:	READ HOLDING RE	•
Register Address:	30001	
Register Data Type:	Float 1 0 3 2	Ŧ
Scaling Factor:	1.000000	
Unner Register Type	40001	

Figure 5.68 Address Selection of Range Upper Limit Register

2. Enter the modified value, then click the apply button to save the modified value.

5.5.8.14 Range Lower limit register address

 Select the "detailed Design"->"Sensor"-> drop-down box corresponding to the "range lower limit register address", as shown in Figure 5.69



Figure 5.69 Range Lower limit register address selection

2. Enter the modified value, then click the apply button to save the modified value.

Chapter 6 Quick configuration

- **Step 1** set "Operation mode" to "Configuration mode ". See subsection 5.5.1.
- Step 2 set the "device variable assignment" parameter, set the mapping relationship between the device variable and the dynamic variable, the device has 6 device variables, which can be mapped to 4 dynamic variables according to the requirements. See subsection5.5.5.
- Step 3 set the "Modbus communication" parameters: according to the specific communication parameters to configure the Modbus communication parameters. Configuration items include: address, baud rate, data bit, CRC check mode, stop bit, etc. See subsection 5.5.6.
- Step 4 set the device status parameter. This step is optional, if there is a device status register in the Modbus device, you can use this step to configure, otherwise you can not configure. The Device Status parameter contains Register Address and Bit Mode, where Register Address indicates the register location of the device status, while Bit Mode indicates which status bits are used, each of which represents a device status, using set 1 and unused set 0. See subsection 5.5.7.
- Step 5 Set the "PV range" parameter: Contains "PV range source", "PV range operation mode" and "register data type ". The "PV range source" indicates whether the main variable range comes from local, and if it comes from the Modbus device, the "PV range operation mode" indicates whether the range supports write operation, and the "register data type" indicates the type of register data. See subsection 5.5.8.
- Step 6 Set Modbus related device variable parameters: including default address, device variable register address, data type device variable scaling factor, range upper and lower limit register address, etc. See subsection 5.5.9.

MICROCYBER-

Chapter 7 Maintenance

• Simple Maintenance

No.	Phenomena	Reason	Solution	
1	Current output is 0	a. Power failure b. Wire open circuit	a. Repair the power b. Check the wire	
2	Output current beyond limit	Failure between MODBUS device and circuit	Check MODBUS communication	
3	The current is stable at 4mA.	Device in multi-point mode	Modify sub PC address in single PC mode	
4	No connection.	a. Connection failure b. Multi-point mode	a. Check loop wiring b. Check network	
5	485Power supply 24V Power light off	a. Power failure b. Wire open circuit c. internal failure	a. Repair the power b. Check the wire c.Contact technical support	
6	HART communication light off	a. No HART Communication b. Power failure c. Internal failure	a. Check HART master device and HART Modem b. Check power supply connection c. Contact technical support	
7	485 communication light off a.Slave device no connection b. Slave device failure c. Internal failure		a. Connect slave device correctly b.Check slave device and connection c.Contact technical support	

• Daily maintenance is only for device cleansing.

• Failure maintenance: Please return to factory if there is failure.

Chapter 8 Technical Specification

a) Basic parameter

Measurement Object	Modbus RTU slave device		
Power	12~42VDC		
Bus Protocol	2-wire,4~20mA+HART		
Load resistance	$0 \sim 1500\Omega \ (4 \sim 20 mA)$		
	$230{\sim}1100\Omega~(\text{HART communication})$		
Isolation Voltage	Modbus and HART bus interface, 500VAC		
Temperature Range	-40°℃~85°℃		
Humility Range	5~95%RH		
Start Time	≤5s		
Refresh Time	0.2s		
Damping adjustment	Time constant 0~32s		

b) Performance Index

Protection level	Housing protection grade up to IP 20
	EMC Requirements for Electrical Equipment for GB/T 18268.1-2010 <measurement, and<="" control="" th=""></measurement,>
	Laboratory> Part 1: Disturbance Resistance Requirements for Industrial Places in General
	Requirements
EMC	HART Port Test Methods Electromagnetic Compatibility Requirements for Electrical Equipment
	GB/T 18268.23-2010 <measurement, and="" control="" laboratory=""> Part 23: Test Configuration,</measurement,>
	Working Conditions and Performance Criteria for Special Requirements with Integrated or
	Remote Signal Conditioning Transmitters

c) Physical Performance

Weight	0.2kg	
Structure Material	Housing: Polyamide PA6.6	
	Coating: Polyester epoxy resin	

d) Default Communication Parameter

Slave station address	1	
Baud rate	9600	
Data bits	8	
Stop bits	1	
Check out	EVEN	
CRCcheck out	Low byte in advance	

e) Supporting Modbus Function Code

1	read loop status			
2	read discrete input status			
3	read keeping register value			
4	read input register value			
5	write loop			
16	write multiple register values			

Chapter 9 Appendix1 G0310 MODBUS to HART Gateway Model Selection

	G03:	10	Modbus to HART Gateway				
	Code			code	Hardware interface		re interface
Туре			R4(could be omitted)		RS485		
Selection						Code code	Software interface
List					MR M	(could be omitted)	Modbus RTU Master
	G0	310-(R4-I	MRM)—— Sele	ection Exampl	e		



MICROCYBER CORPORATION

Microcyber Corporation Http://www.microcyber.cn/en Add: 17-8 Wensu Street, Hunnan New District, Shenyang, China 110179 Tel: 0086-24-31217278 / 31217280 Fax: 0086-24-31217293 Email: sales@microcyber.cn